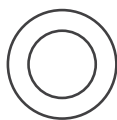


Bouncer

SUPER TRAMP

Part of the Family - Est 1983



12ft Fun Bouncer & 14ft Super Bouncer with enclosure



Adult assembly required

Read User Guide before assembling

Please keep this guide for further reference



We have over
38 years experience



Family run
business



Stockist of spares
& accessories

Your Warranty



Performance Range Warranty

Frame – 10 years – structural failure due to rust

Springs – 10 years structural failure due to rust

Bed – 5 years – structural failure due to rot

Frame Pad – 3 years – stitching failure only

Net – 2 Years – manufacturing defects only

Ladder – 12 months – manufacturing defects only

Models covered by this warranty level:

Fun Bouncer

Super Bouncer

PLEASE NOTE THE FOLLOWING:

- Domestic trampolines purchased for use commercially will not be covered by guarantee. All trampolines used in-ground will be covered by the warranty levels outlined above, except for the frame pads which will be covered for 12 months only.
- Using your trampoline on concrete ground without rubber feet or mats will invalidate any guarantee on the frame.
- Jet Sports reserve the right to revoke any form of guarantee in circumstances where they believe there to be evidence of misuse.

IMPORTANT

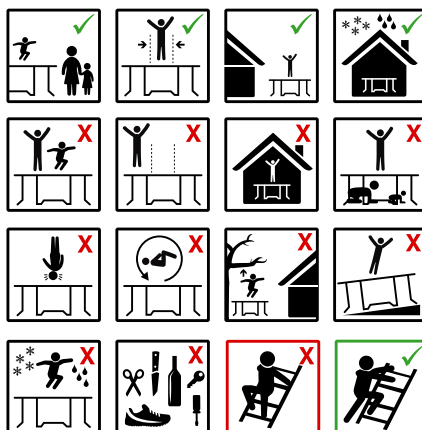
Please keep your proof of purchase - it will be needed if you wish to make a claim.

For more information, please call our office on the number provided below.

Before You Start

Siting Your Trampoline

- Your trampoline works best and is safest if it is completely level. It is vital that you keep two metres of unobstructed lawn space surrounding the trampoline at all times.
- The Bouncer trampoline is designed to stand on a lawn or other soft surfaces such as artificial grass and bark. If you are positioning your trampoline on an abrasive surface such as concrete or gravel, the underside of the leg bases will deteriorate quickly. In these circumstances, we recommend you use floor guards or rubber matting to protect your frame.



LADDER USE

- A ladder should be used at all times when entering and exiting the trampoline. Before using your trampoline, make sure the ladder is safe to use with the rungs hooked over the top ring of the tubular steel frame securely. You should always use a ladder that is the correct height for your trampoline frame. You must always face the ladder when using it to access or exit the trampoline. You must never use the ladder with your back to it and with the front of your body facing away from the trampoline.
- This is dangerous practice and misuse of the ladder could result in injury.**

WARNINGS

- Children must be supervised by a responsible adult at all times.
- Only one user at a time is recommended.
- Storing your trampoline away in bad weather is recommended (see care and maintenance)
- Always aim to bounce as close to the middle of the bed as possible.
- Do not in any circumstances let a person under the trampoline.
- Do not use this trampoline indoors.
- Be aware of the weather at all times – rain, ice and snow can make it slippery underfoot.
- Do not attempt somersaults unless you are fully competent or trained to do so.
- Do not bounce under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- Remove all footwear before bouncing.
- Make sure you empty your pockets before bouncing as sharp objects can damage the mat and cause injury.

Please note:

The Safe Bouncing Guide on the next page only includes basic moves that are relatively simple and safe to learn. There are, of course, many additional moves that can be performed. However, it is important that you are taught these by a qualified instructor. This will ensure that you learn in a safe environment and under supervision. This will also ensure that you do not get in to bad habits, as these could cause you problems and put you at risk as you continue to develop your skills.

For details regarding trampolining sessions in your area, contact your local leisure centre or visit:

www.british-gymnastics.org/discover/trampoline

Safe Bouncing Guide

Standing Bounce

Use the basic “feet to feet” standing bounce to warm up and get the feel of the trampoline.

Try to keep the body straight. Your legs should be slightly apart when landing on the bed and together in the air with toes pointed.

Keep your eyes fixed on the frame pads in front of you. As you jump up from the trampoline bed, push down hard on the balls of your feet and toes. Stretch your body upwards and swing your arms forwards and upwards.

As you come down on to the bed, bring your arms down to your sides, part your legs slightly and land with your feet flat whilst flexing your knees.



IMPORTANT:

To stop your bounce, bend your knees as your feet touch the bed and resist the momentum which will try to force you up again. Practice this move so that you are confident that you can stop if you find you are getting out of control or going away from the centre of the bed.

Seat Drop

First, without bouncing, sit in the middle of the bed in the correct landing position.

This should be with your legs together and straight out in front of you. Lean slightly backwards whilst keeping your back straight. Keep your arms beside and slightly behind you with fingers together and pointing forward.

Next, stand up and drop to the seat drop position, without bouncing. Then try the move from a little bounce. To bounce back onto your feet, shift your hips forward and push up with your hands.



Make sure that you drop to the seat drop position in the middle of the bed and land back on your feet in the middle of the bed.

Hands and Knees

Without bouncing, adopt the hands and knees position as shown below, keeping your eyes on the edge of the trampoline.

Return to standing position and with a small bounce, shift your hips back and upwards and drop to the hands and knees position.

Your hands and knees must hit the bed at exactly the same time. Push up slightly with your arms to return to the standing position.



Safe Bouncing Guide

Pike Jump

Start as if doing a standing bounce.

At the top of your bounce, bend your body at the hips by raising your legs whilst keeping them straight and together. Arrive at the horizontal position and briefly touch your shins.

Release this position and return to the standing bounce stance before landing on the bed with arms at your sides.



Tuck Jump

Start as if doing a standing bounce.

At the top of your bounce, bring your knees to your chest and briefly clasp your shins. Keep your head high and looking forward; focus on a point ahead to help keep you balanced.

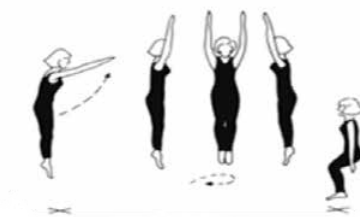
Let go of your shins and return to standing bounce with your body straight and arms at your sides before landing on the bed.



Half and Full Twist

Half Twist

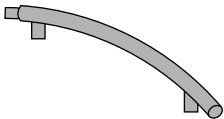
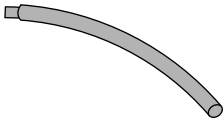



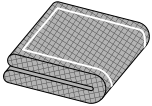


From a standing bounce, as you leave the bed raise both arms out to the side and bring them together above your head whilst looking in the direction you wish to twist. This action will help you twist your body round so that you land facing the opposite direction, having rotated through 180°. The higher and quicker you lift your arms, the further you will twist. Always twist in the same direction.



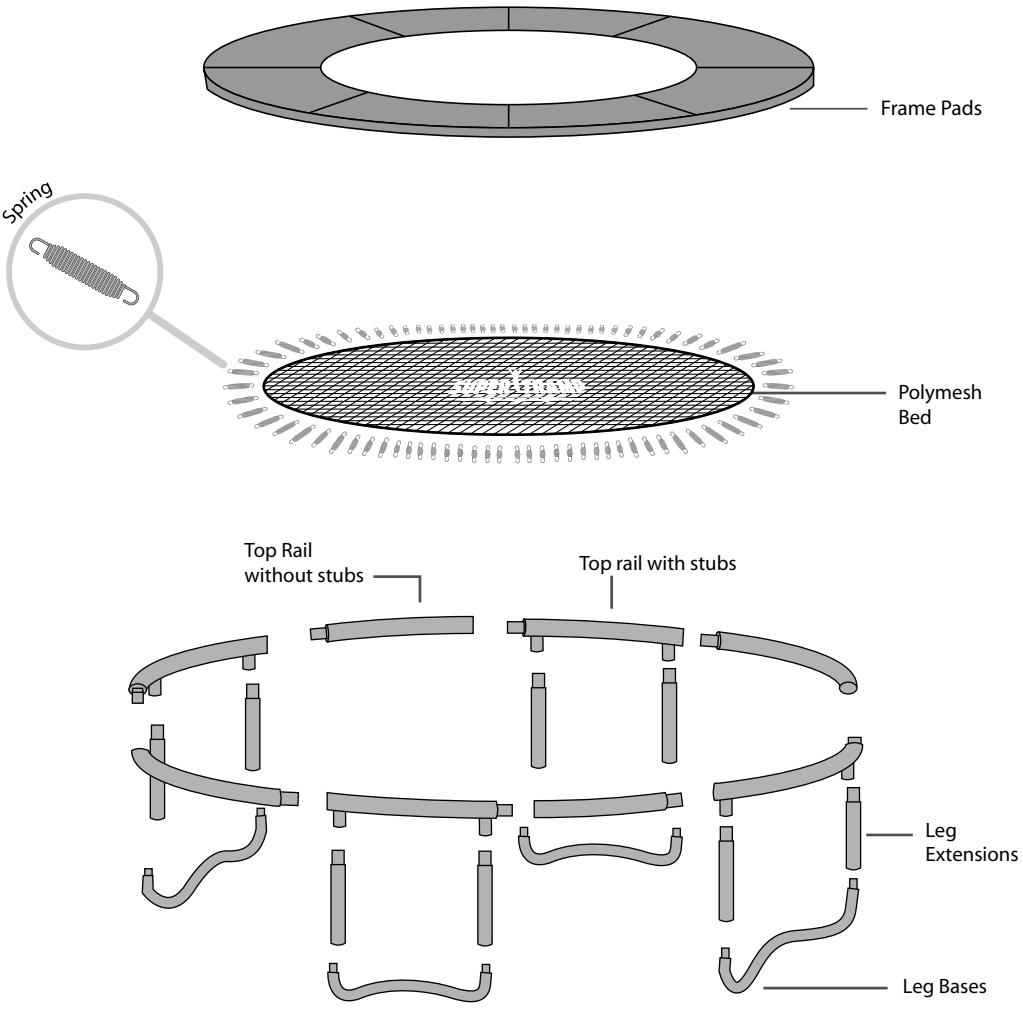
Full Twist

Performed as the half twist but with more effort so that you rotate through a full 360° and land in the same position that you took off from. Do not attempt a full twist until you have perfected the half twist.

Bouncer Parts List

Part Image	Description	12ft Fun Bouncer	14ft Super Bouncer
	Top Rails with stubs	4	4
	Top Rails without stubs	4	4
	Leg Bases	4	4
	Leg Extensions	8	8
	Springs with elongated hook	80 (8.5")	96 (8.5")
	Polymesh Bed	1	1
	Frame Pads	1	1
	Toggle Loops	12	12

Exploded Diagram



Assembling the Frame

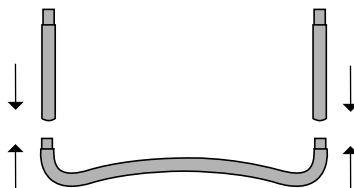
STEP 1

Begin by laying the frame parts out on a reasonably level area of lawn.

Please note that the top rails with stubs and without stubs should be alternated (refer to exploded diagram and previous page).

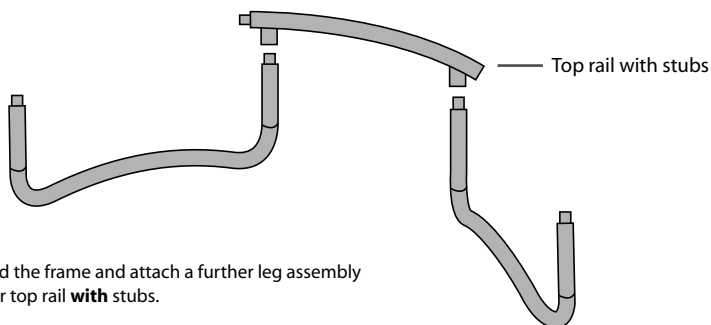
STEP 2

Begin to assemble the trampoline legs by sliding the leg extensions on to the leg bases. Repeat until you have four complete leg assemblies..



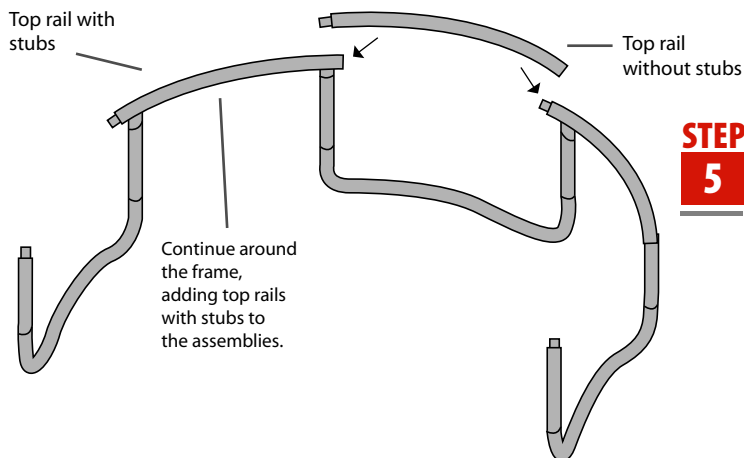
STEP 3

Next, slot a top rail with stubs between two leg assemblies, as seen in the diagram below.



STEP 4

Move around the frame and attach a further leg assembly with another top rail **with** stubs.



STEP 5

Proceed to fill in the gaps in the frame with top rails without stubs.

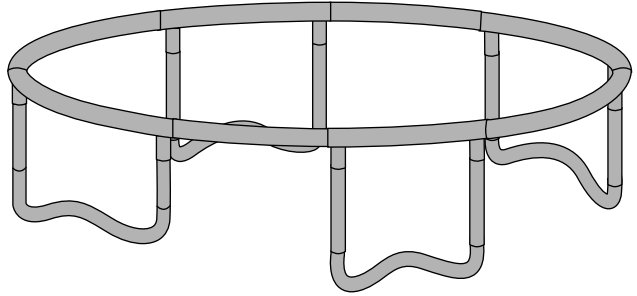
STEP

6

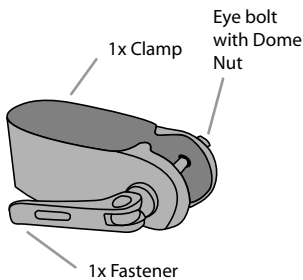
Finally, add the remaining top rail without stubs to complete the trampoline frame.

Please note: it may require some effort to fit the remaining top rail. This tension in the frame is needed in order to prevent the leg assemblies dropping off when the trampoline is moved.

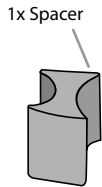
Tip: Stand inside the partially assembled frame and push outwards on the frame when fitting the top rail without stubs.



The Safety Enclosure



16 x Clamp Kits



1x Spacer



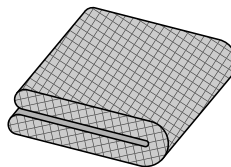
**8 x Top Pole with
Foam and Top Cap**



**8 x Bottom Pole with
Foam and Base Cap**



**16 x Bungee
Loops with
Q-Hook**



1 x Enclosure Net

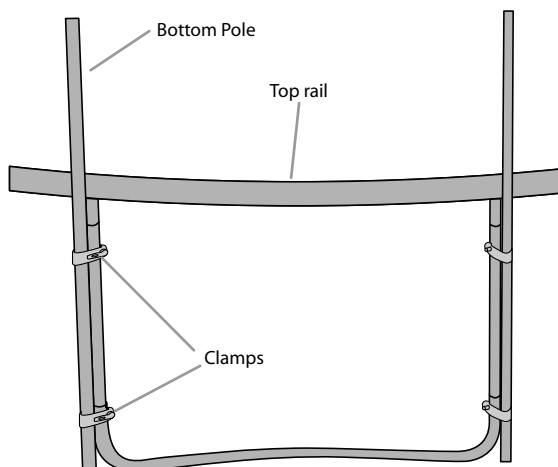
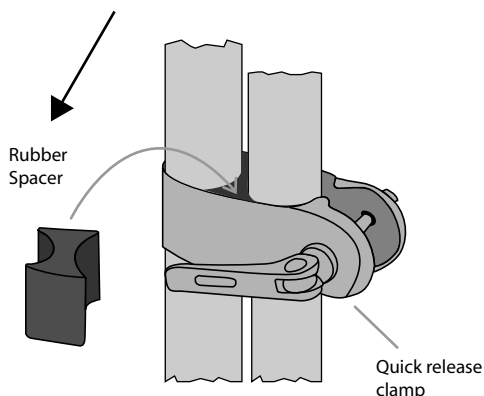
Fixing the enclosure poles to the frame

STEP 1

Start by removing the foam from the bottom enclosure poles.

Next, begin to fix each bottom pole to the corresponding trampoline leg using the clamps provided

Ensure that there is a black rubber spacer positioned between the pole and the trampoline leg.



Note: there should be two clamps per pole; one positioned around ~30cm from the trampoline frame and the other around ~30cm from the ground.

STEP 2

Next, make sure the clamp opening is positioned facing the inside of the leg.

2a). Thread the quick-release fastener through the two holes in the clamp and squeeze the clamp together as tightly as you can.

2b). Secure the quick-release fastener by screwing the bolt on by hand.

2c). Next, use the handle on the quick release fastener to tighten the clamp together so that the pole is fixed to the leg securely.

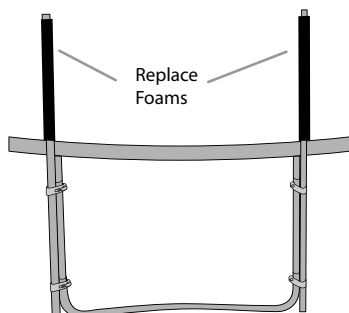
STEP 4

Now take each top pole section and fit onto the corresponding bottom pole section. Note that there will be an overhang of foam from the bottom poles so you will need to angle the top pole section to fit into there.

STEP 3

Continue this process pole by pole, ensuring there are two clamps per pole.

Make sure the clamps are secured tightly so the poles do not wobble and the rubber spacers are fixed in place.



Fitting the bed

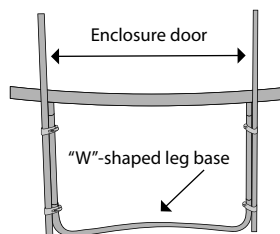
Before you begin: Please note that each spring will have an elongated hook and a standard hook. Please ensure that it is the elongated hook that you fit into the frame and the standard hook onto the bed.

STEP

1

Begin by unfolding laying it on the ground inside of the trampoline frame. Make sure the painted markings face upwards.

Note: The enclosure door must be positioned parallel with a 'W'-shaped leg base (see picture below).



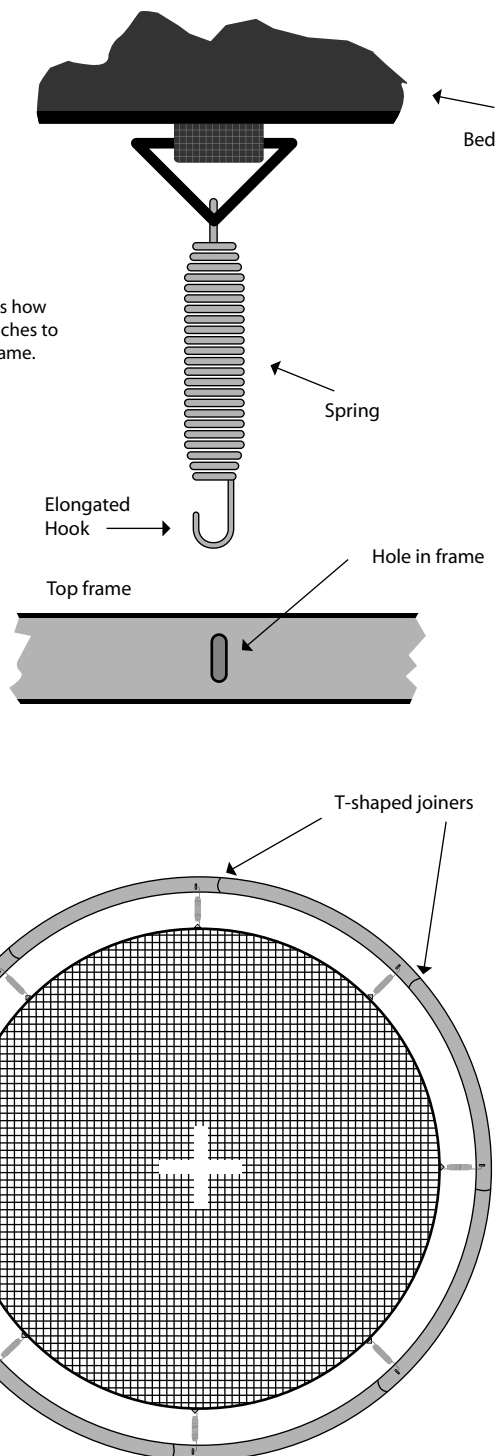
STEP

2

Fit one spring in to the slot just to the right-hand side of a T-shaped joiner, then attach the spring to the bed on the inside of the frame.

Continue to do this for all other T-shaped joiners around the frame. This should leave you with the bed hanging by 8 springs from the frame. You should find that there is little-to-no tension on the bed.

Diagram shows how the spring attaches to the bed and frame.



Attaching the net

STEP 1

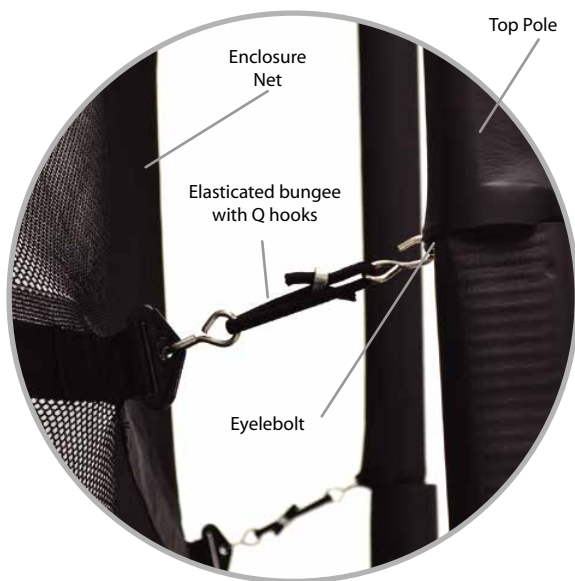
1

Begin by laying the net out on top of the trampoline bed.

Find the middle seam on the net and proceed to attach eight bungee loops with Q-hook to the clips on the net.

1a). Next, attach the bungees on the net to the middle eyebolts on the enclosure poles. Please make sure that the net does not twist during this process.

You should now find that the net is hanging from the middle of the poles, with the bottom seam containing the spring loops in line with the triangular anchor points on the bed.

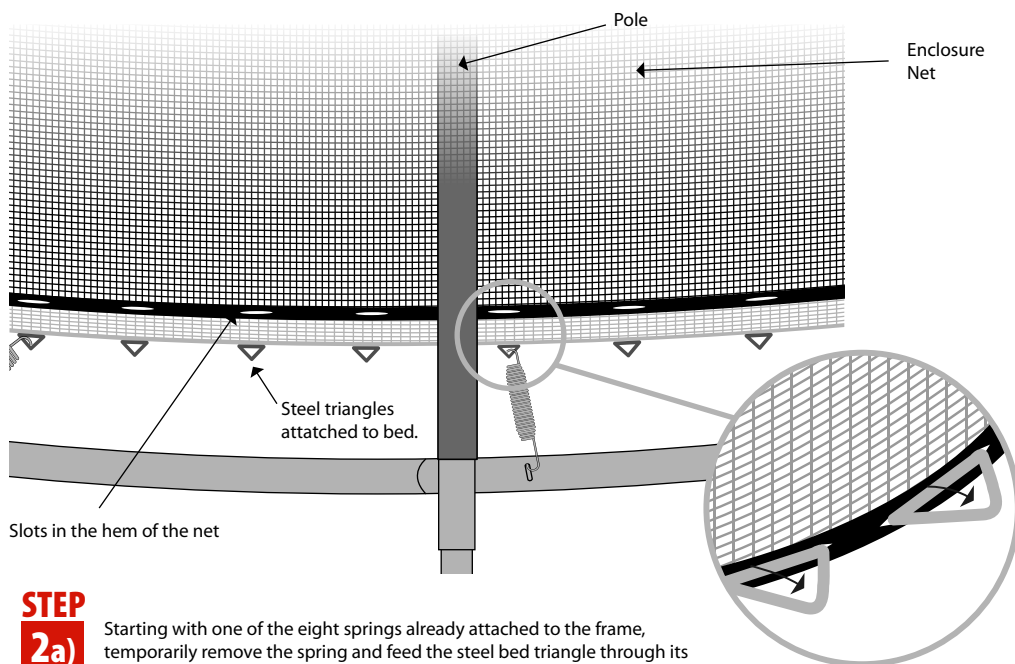


STEP 2

2

You should now find that the net is hanging from the middle of the poles. Along the bottom hem of the net you should see small slots (holes).

Each one of these slots corresponds to a steel triangle on the bed. There are the same number of each. Make sure they line up before attaching the net to the bed.



STEP 2a)

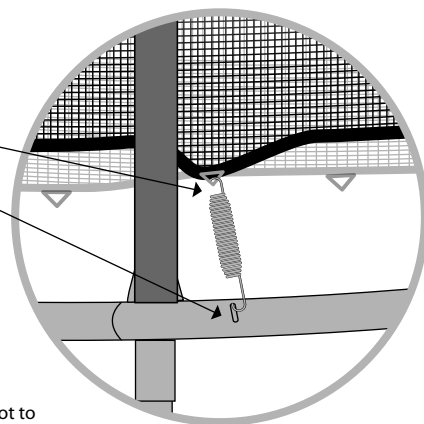
2a)

Starting with one of the eight springs already attached to the frame, temporarily remove the spring and feed the steel bed triangle through its corresponding slot in the hem of the net.

STEP 2b)

Once the triangle has been passed through the slot in the net, reattach the spring to the steel triangle.

Then fit the spring back into the same hole in frame.



STEP 2c)

Continue to do this for the remaining seven springs already pre-attached to the frame. It is vital that you ensure the net is fitted straight down and in alignment.

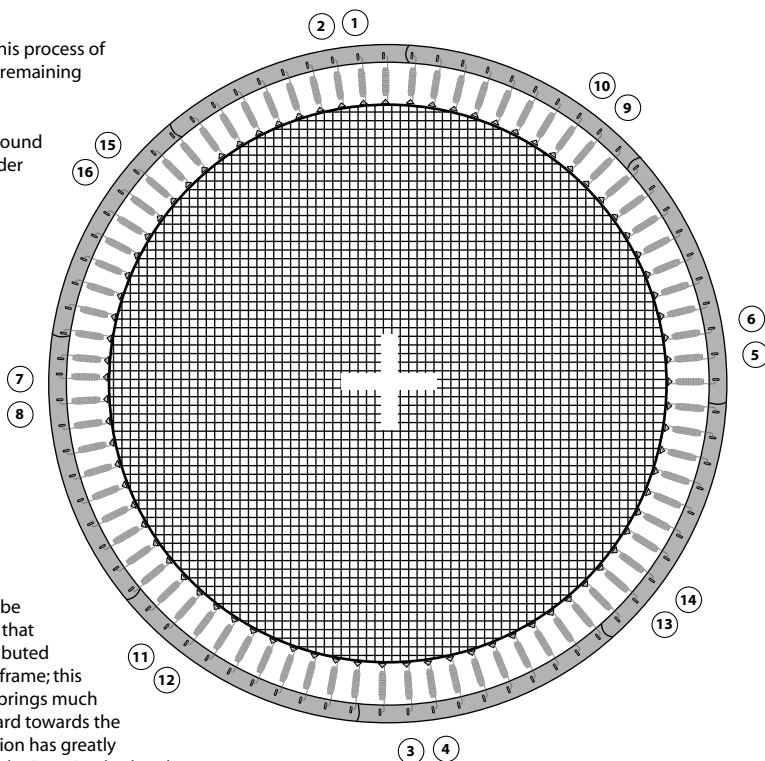
Your net should now be fitted in eight places,

If you twist the net during this stage by fitting the incorrect slot to the steel triangle, it will continue to twist as you work your way around the frame and will not line up properly when you have finished. This can result in the entrance becoming misaligned which can negatively impact the function of the zip.

STEP 3

You can continue this process of fitting the net, and remaining springs.

Ensure you work around the frame in the order shown to the right.



This strategy must be adopted to ensure that the tension is distributed evenly around the frame; this makes fitting the springs much more straightforward towards the end when the tension has greatly increased through the jumping bed. Make sure you count the springs and slots as you go, ensuring each one is lined up correctly.

Your net, jumping bed and springs should now be fully fitted.

Fitting the frame pads

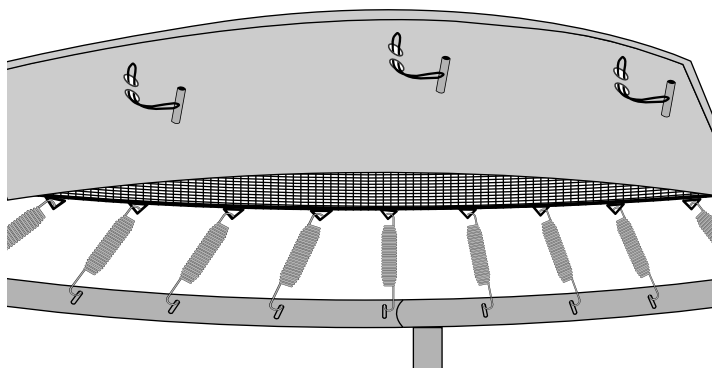
STEP 1

To fit the frame pads, begin by disconnecting the enclosure net from the bungee loops at the middle of the poles.

Tip: it might be useful to have a screwdriver (or similar) available to help feed the loop through the eyelet.



Toggle Loop

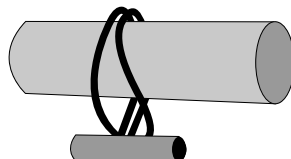


STEP 2

Lay the frame pads out on the trampoline bed upside down. Thread the toggle loops through the eyelets.

STEP 3

Next, flip the frame pads over and position them over the frame. It is vital that there is one full panel of padding located directly in front of the zipped enclosure entrance so that the stitched seams that hold the padding panels together are not stood on and weakened during entry/exit from the trampoline. Proceed to fasten the toggle loops around the frame and secure them.



Completing the net

STEP 1

First, connect each top pole to the corresponding bottom pole fitted to the trampoline.

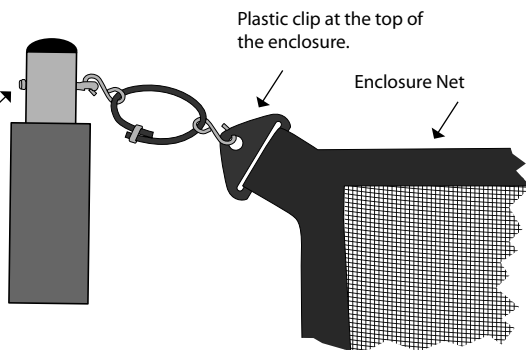


Using the 16 x bungee loops with Q-hooks, begin to attach the netting to the poles.

Start by doing this at the middle-point of the poles as they can be attached whilst standing on the ground.

Once completed, remove your footwear and enter the trampoline through the door of the enclosure. Now you can finish attaching the bungee loops to the net at the top of the poles.

All 16 bungees should now be attached and the enclosure fully assembled.



Trampoline Care and Maintenance

General

Your Super Tramp trampoline has been designed to live outdoors all year round and will generally require very little maintenance. However, a little care and attention can add years to the life of your trampoline. Please remember that the bed (mat) and frame pads are made of synthetic materials which can become easily damaged by cigarette ends, fireworks and bonfire debris. Please make sure that the following checks are made monthly:

- Check that all joints are still intact and have not become dislodged during use
- Check that all springs are attached and that any stretched springs are replaced

The Frame

Do not sit or stand on the frame/frame pads whilst the trampoline is in use; this will cause excessive wear to the springs and frame pads. In some climates/environments, surface rust can appear. If this happens, it should be removed using either a wire brush or coarse sandpaper, and the area treated with a non-toxic paint.

The Springs

Do not stand on the springs whilst the trampoline is in use. Ensure you do not bounce on the springs as they are not designed to withstand these sorts of stresses. Doing so can result in them becoming stretched, misshaped and weakened. If you find you have any damaged springs, it is crucial you replace them as soon as possible so as to avoid inflicting damage to the remaining springs.

The Bed

The bed (mat) may eventually become weakened by the effects of Ultra-Violet radiation. A little mould or mildew should not harm the mat. Please make sure that all footwear is removed before bouncing and ensure that any other sharp objects and jewellery are removed.

Useful Information

- A stretched or dead spring can be identified where there is visible light through the coils of the spring. Any springs identified with these effects should be replaced in order to maintain the performance of your trampoline. Please note: this assessment should only be made when the spring has been removed from the trampoline. It is normal to see visible light when the springs are under tension on the trampoline.
- When fitting the springs, it is often more effective to use your bodyweight to pull the spring back, rather than relying solely on your upper-body and arm strength.

Accessories

Don't forget to pick up a Ground Anchor Kit for those windy days.



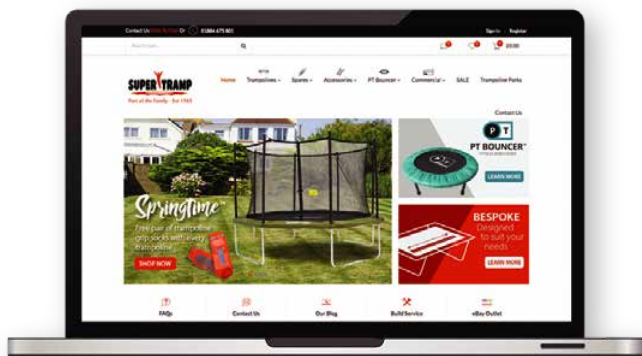
Do not bounce in footwear. Instead, use grip socks. You can buy these from us in a variety of sizes!



Thank you for purchasing a Super Tramp Trampoline
We hope you found this guide helpful.

Visit our website for our full range of
trampolines, spare parts and accessories

www.supertramp.co.uk



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