

# KING 110

**SUPER TRAMP**  
Part of the Family - Est 1983

## With Commercial-Grade Padding



10.11 x 8.4ft



Adult assembly required

Read User Guide before assembling

Please keep this guide for further reference



We have over  
38 years experience



Family run  
business



Stockist of spares  
& accessories

## Your Warranty



### Silver Level Warranty

**Frame** – 10 years – structural failure due to rust

**Springs** – 10 years structural failure due to rust

**Bed** – 5 years – structural failure due to rot

**Frame Pad** – 12 months – stitching failure only

**Net** – 12 months – manufacturing defects only

**Ladder** – 12 months – manufacturing defects only

### Ranges covered by this warranty level:

**XR Series 300 & 360**

**12'x'8 Rectangular**

**King 110**

### PLEASE NOTE THE FOLLOWING:

- Domestic trampolines purchased for use commercially will not be covered by guarantee. All trampolines used in-ground will be covered by the warranty levels outlined above, except for the frame pads which will be covered for 12 months only.
- Using your trampoline on concrete ground without rubber feet or mats will invalidate any guarantee on the frame.
- Jet Sports reserve the right to revoke any form of guarantee in circumstances where they believe there to be evidence of misuse.

### IMPORTANT

Please keep your proof of purchase - it will be needed if you wish to make a claim.

### RECOMMENDATION:

We recommend that all 2-string performance beds are refurbished every 2-5 years.

For more information, please call our office on the number provided below.

Tel: +44 (0)1884 675801

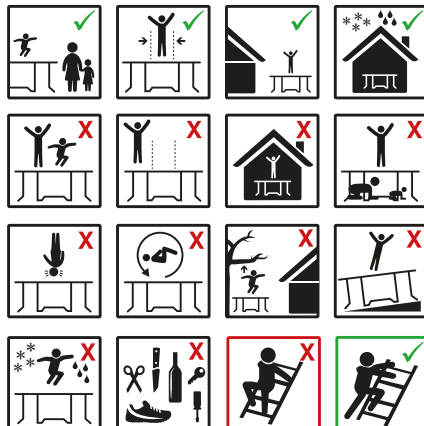
[www.supertramp.co.uk](http://www.supertramp.co.uk)

[sales@jetsports.co.uk](mailto:sales@jetsports.co.uk)

## Before You Start

### Siting Your Trampoline

- Your trampoline works best and is safest if it is **completely level**. It is vital that you keep two metres of unobstructed lawn space surrounding the trampoline at all times.
- The Bouncer trampoline is designed to stand on a lawn or other soft surfaces such as artificial grass and bark. If you are positioning your trampoline on an abrasive surface such as concrete or gravel, the underside of the leg bases will deteriorate quickly. In these circumstances, we recommend you use floor guards or rubber matting to protect your frame.



### LADDER USE

- A ladder should be used at all times when entering and exiting the trampoline. Before using your trampoline, make sure the ladder is safe to use with the rungs hooked over the top ring of the tubular steel frame securely. You should always use a ladder that is the correct height for your trampoline frame. You must always face the ladder when using it to access or exit the trampoline. You must never use the ladder with your back to it and with the front of your body facing away from the trampoline. **This is dangerous practice and misuse of the ladder could result in injury.**



## WARNINGS

- Children must be supervised by a responsible adult at all times.
- Only one user at a time is recommended.
- Storing your trampoline away in bad weather is recommended (see care and maintenance)
- Always aim to bounce as close to the middle of the bed as possible.
- Do not in any circumstances let a person under the trampoline.
- Do not use this trampoline indoors.
- Be aware of the weather at all times – rain, ice and snow can make it slippery underfoot.
- Do not attempt somersaults unless you are fully competent or trained to do so.
- Do not bounce under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- Remove all footwear before bouncing.
- Make sure you empty your pockets before bouncing as sharp objects can damage the mat and cause injury.

### Please note:

The Safe Bouncing Guide on the next page only includes basic moves that are relatively simple and safe to learn. There are, of course, many additional moves that can be performed. However, it is important that you are taught these by a qualified instructor. This will ensure that you learn in a safe environment and under supervision. This will also ensure that you do not get in to bad habits, as these could cause you problems and put you at risk as you continue to develop your skills.

For details regarding trampolining sessions in your area, contact your local leisure centre or visit:

[www.british-gymnastics.org/discover/trampoline](http://www.british-gymnastics.org/discover/trampoline)

# Safe Bouncing Guide

## Standing Bounce

Use the basic “feet to feet” standing bounce to warm up and get the feel of the trampoline.

Try to keep the body straight. Your legs should be slightly apart when landing on the bed and together in the air with toes pointed.

Keep your eyes fixed on the frame pads in front of you. As you jump up from the trampoline bed, push down hard on the balls of your feet and toes. Stretch your body upwards and swing your arms forwards and upwards.

As you come down on to the bed, bring your arms down to your sides, part your legs slightly and land with your feet flat whilst flexing your knees.



### IMPORTANT:

To stop your bounce, bend your knees as your feet touch the bed and resist the momentum which will try to force you up again. Practice this move so that you are confident that you can stop if you find you are getting out of control or going away from the centre of the bed.

## Seat Drop

First, without bouncing, sit in the middle of the bed in the correct landing position.

This should be with your legs together and straight out in front of you. Lean slightly backwards whilst keeping your back straight. Keep your arms beside and slightly behind you with fingers together and pointing forward.

Next, stand up and drop to the seat drop position, without bouncing. Then try the move from a little bounce. To bounce back onto your feet, shift your hips forward and push up with your hands.



Make sure that you drop to the seat drop position in the middle of the bed and land back on your feet in the middle of the bed.

## Hands and Knees

Without bouncing, adopt the hands and knees position as shown below, keeping your eyes on the edge of the trampoline.

Return to standing position and with a small bounce, shift your hips back and upwards and drop to the hands and knees position.

Your hands and knees must hit the bed at exactly the same time. Push up slightly with your arms to return to the standing position.



# Safe Bouncing Guide

## Pike Jump

Start as if doing a standing bounce.

At the top of your bounce, bend your body at the hips by raising your legs whilst keeping them straight and together. Arrive at the horizontal position and briefly touch your shins.

Release this position and return to the standing bounce stance before landing on the bed with arms at your sides.



## Tuck Jump

Start as if doing a standing bounce.

At the top of your bounce, bring your knees to your chest and briefly clasp your shins. Keep your head high and looking forward; focus on a point ahead to help keep you balanced.

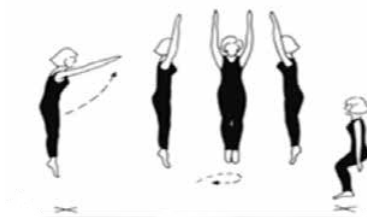
Let go of your shins and return to standing bounce with your body straight and arms at your sides before landing on the bed.



## Half and Full Twist

### Half Twist

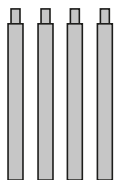
From a standing bounce, as you leave the bed raise both arms out to the side and bring them together above your head whilst looking in the direction you wish to twist. This action will help you twist your body round so that you land facing the opposite direction, having rotated through 180°. The higher and quicker you lift your arms, the further you will twist. Always twist in the same direction.



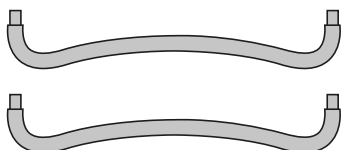
### Full Twist

Performed as the half twist but with more effort so that you rotate through a full 360° and land in the same position that you took off from. Do not attempt a full twist until you have perfected the half twist.

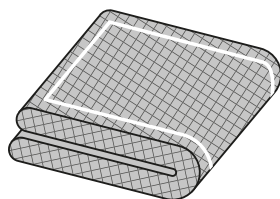
## King 110 Parts List



**4 x Leg  
Extensions**



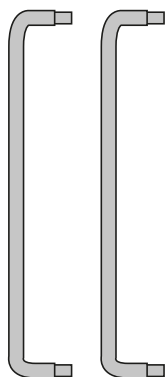
**2 x Leg  
Bases**



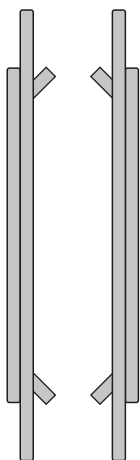
**1 x Polymesh  
Bed**



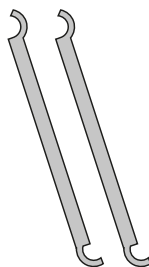
**74 x 215mm  
Springs**



**2 x End  
Rails**



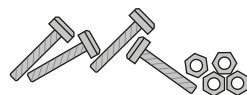
**2 x Side  
Rails**



**2 x Leg  
Braces**



**20 x 165mm  
Toggle Loops**



**4 sets of Leg Brace  
nuts and bolts**

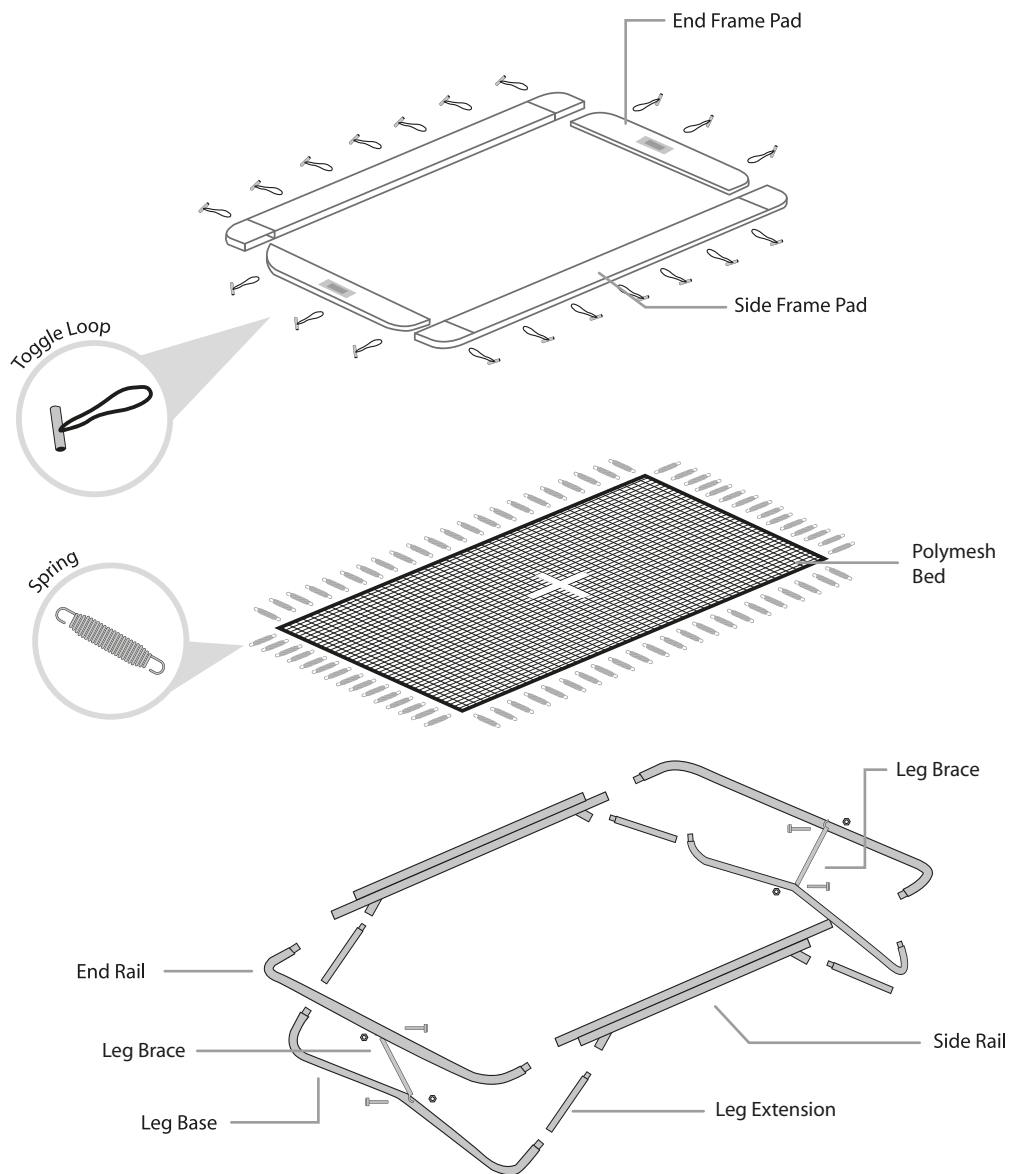


**2 x Side Frame Pads**

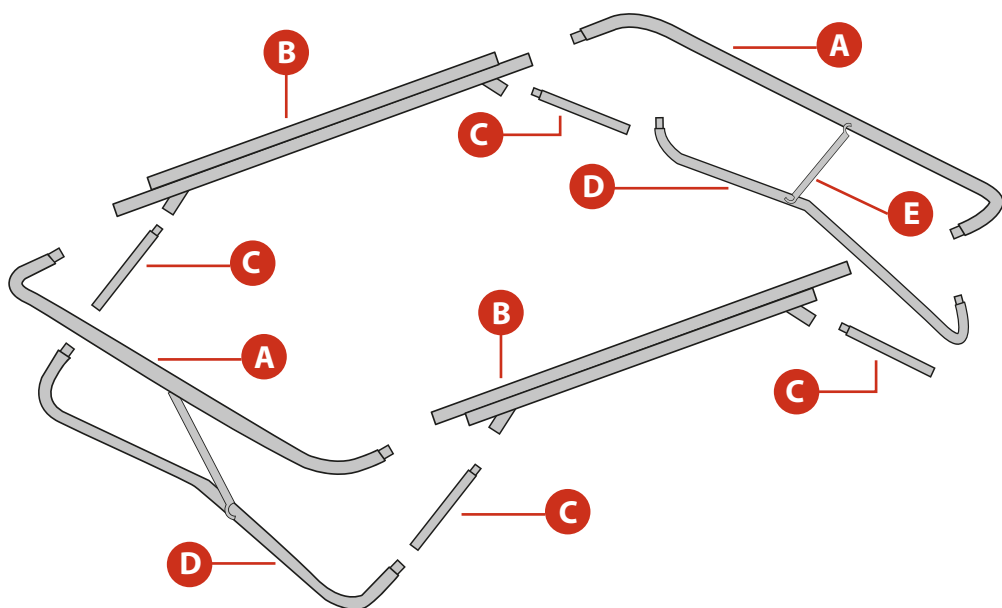


**2 x End Frame Pads**

# Exploded Diagram



## Assembling the Frame

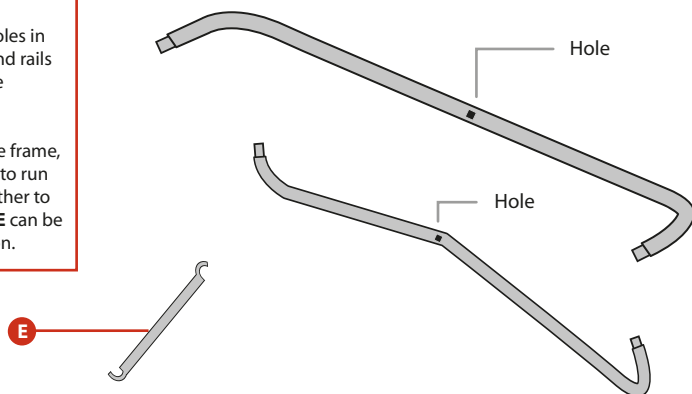


### STEP 1

Before you begin, lay the frame components out on the ground and note the parts list. The frame sections have been labelled **A-F** to aid you during the construction process.

**Please note:** the square-shaped holes in **parts A and D** (end rails and leg bases) are off-centre.

When fitted to the frame, these holes need to run parallel to each other to ensure that **part E** can be assembled later on.





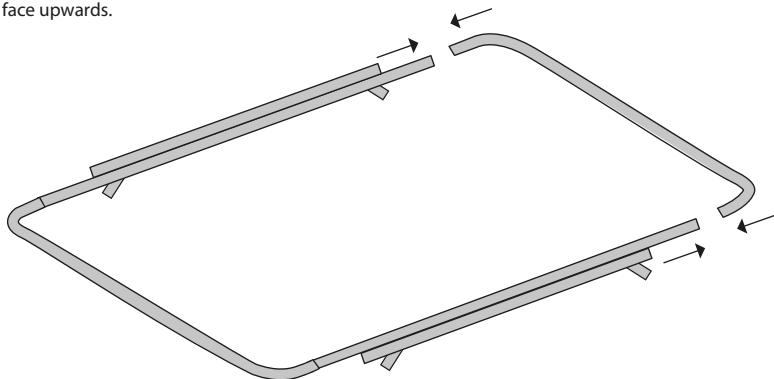
## STEP

# 2

To begin the frame assembly, start by slotting **parts A** and **B** together to form a complete top-frame.

You may notice that the end rails are slightly misaligned; this is necessary to add tension to the frame.

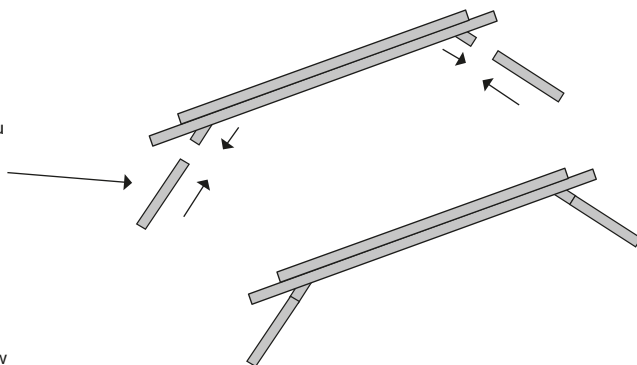
Note that the small holes in these frame sections must face upwards.



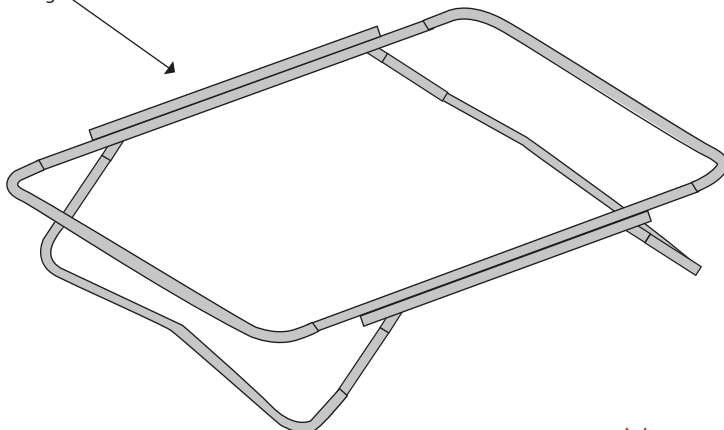
## STEP

# 3

Next, take **parts C and D** – this should consist of 4 x leg extensions and 2 x leg bases. You must slot **parts C** into part **D** to form two assembled leg bases. Please ensure that the square-shaped hole in the leg base is facing inside the trampoline frame.



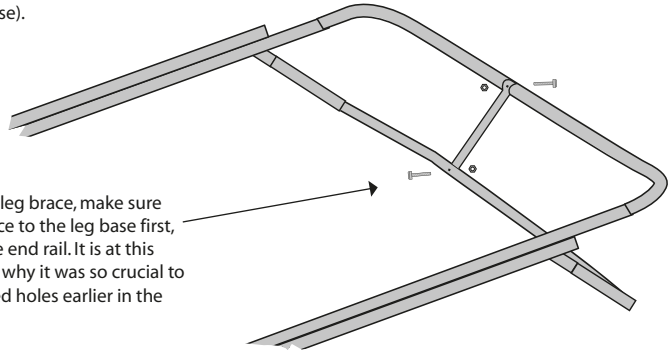
Continue to slot the assembled leg bases into the constructed top-frame. The frame should now be free-standing.



## STEP 4

The final phase of frame construction involves fixing **part E** to the assembled frame. You will need the nuts and bolts provided to complete this. **Part E** (leg braces) should connect to **parts B** (end rail) and **C** (leg base).

When attaching the first leg brace, make sure that you bolt the leg brace to the leg base first, and then followed by the end rail. It is at this stage where you will see why it was so crucial to line up the square-shaped holes earlier in the assembly process.

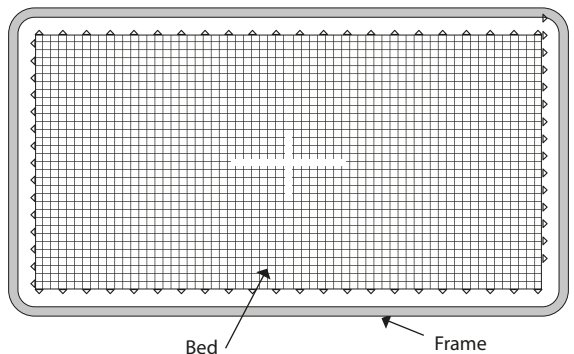
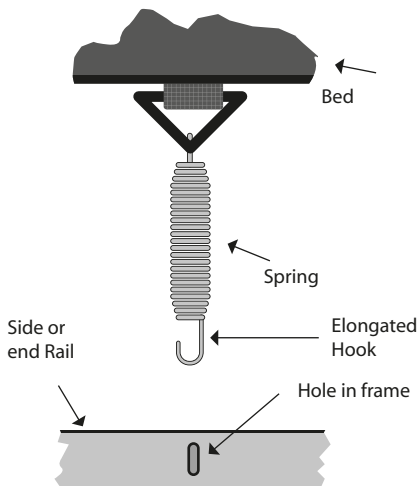


## Fitting the Bed and Springs

### STEP 1

Begin by unfolding the **polymesh bed** and laying it on the ground inside the frame. Ensure the painted markings on the bed are facing upwards.

**Before you begin:** Please note that the elongated hook on the spring hooks into the frame. The smaller hook fixes onto the steel triangular anchor on the bed.

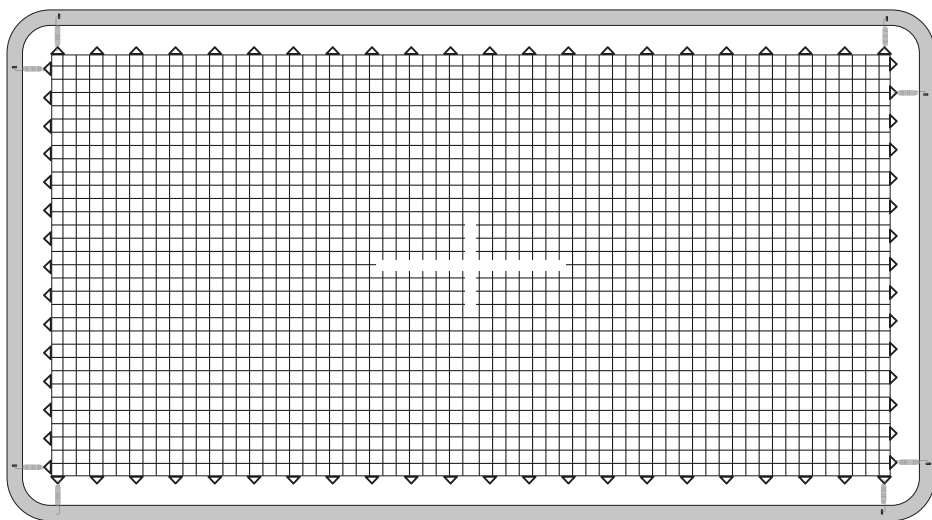


Left diagram shows how the spring attaches to the bed and frame

## STEP

2

Begin attaching the springs by fitting a total of eight springs between the bed and the frame. You should do this at each corner so that the bed is left hanging loosely.

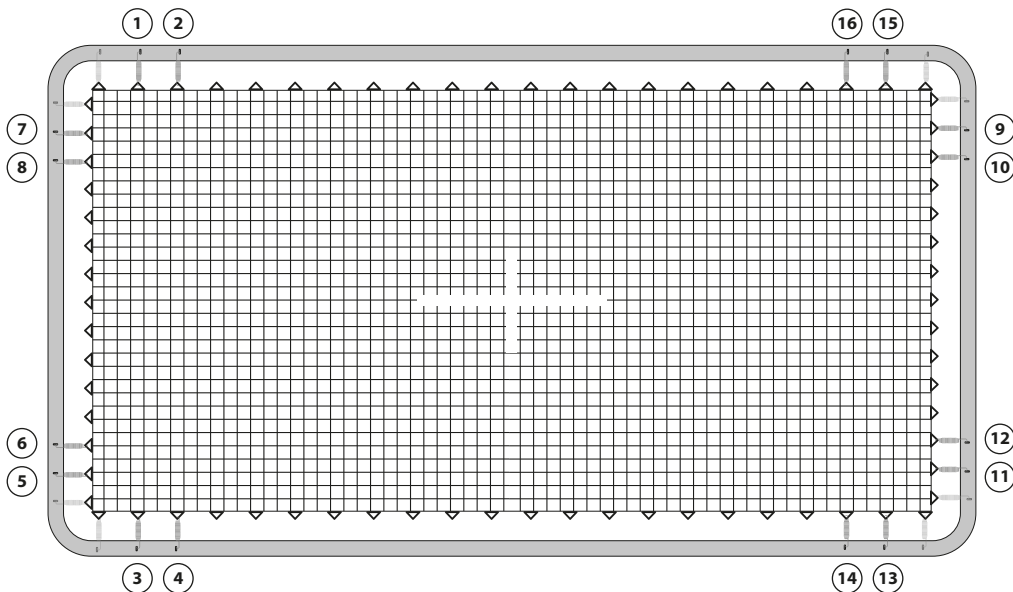


## STEP

3

Proceed to fit the remaining springs starting in the order shown below and continuing in the same pattern.

Make sure that you do not fit the springs by working your way around the frame. Instead, work alternately making sure that each spring you attach is a mirror-image of the opposite side. Work methodically so that the tension is distributed evenly as you go. It is wise to alternate between the width and length of the frame.



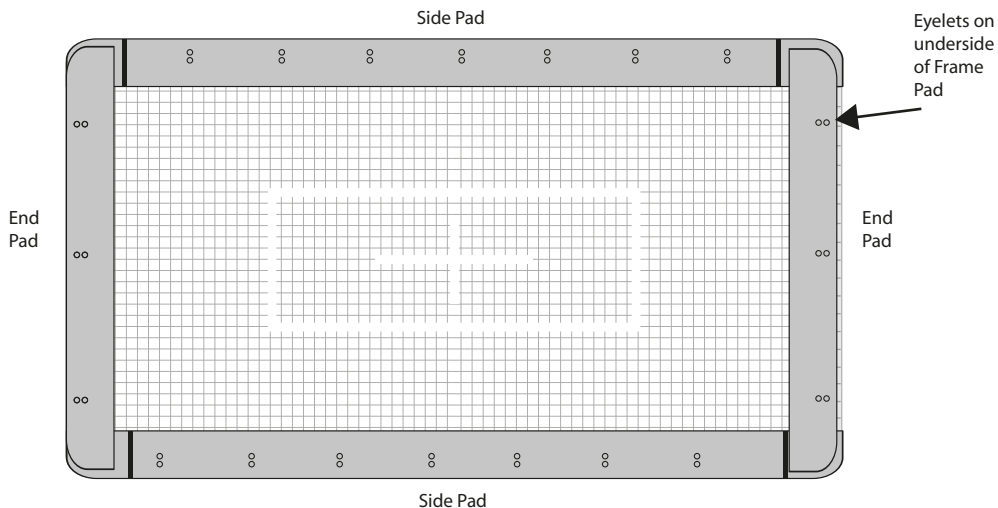
# Frame Pads

## STEP 1

Begin by laying each frame pad section in the correct place on top of the frame.

## STEP 2

Now, turn each frame pad upside down to reveal the eyelets.

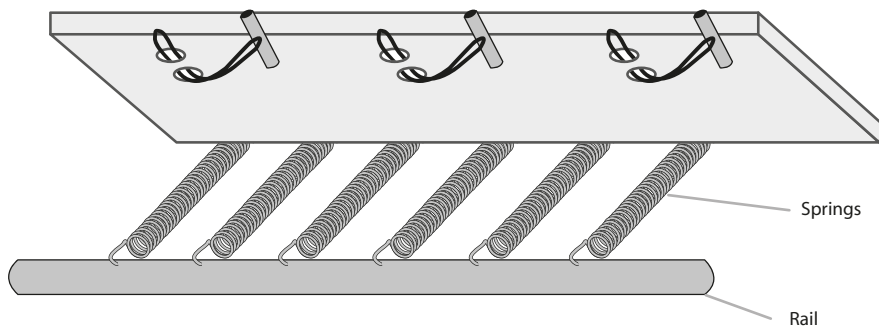


## STEP 3

Start threading the black elasticated end of the **toggle loops** through the eyelets in the **frame pads**.

**Tip:** it might be useful to have a screwdriver (or similar) available to help feed the loop through the eyelet.

Toggle Loop



## STEP

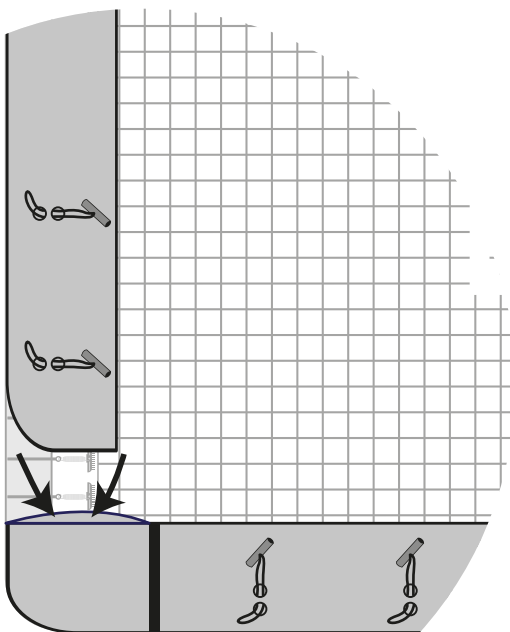
4

Once all **toggle loops** have been looped though, turn the frame pads over. Both the springs and framework should now be covered.

## STEP

5

Proceed to feed each **short pad** in to the corner pocket of each **long pad**.

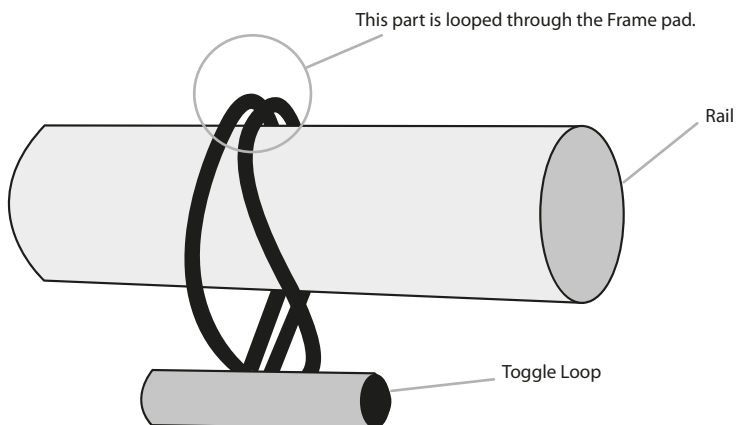


## STEP

6

Once done, begin to fix the **frame pads** in to place by looping the **toggle loops** around the frame and then secure by pulling the **black toggle** through the **elastic**. Do this for all **30 toggle loops**.

Pull the skirt of the pads over the frame.



**CONGRATULATIONS!**

Your

**KING 110**

with Commercial Grade Padding  
is now assembled and ready for use.



# Trampoline Care and Maintenance

## General

Your Super Tramp trampoline has been designed to live outdoors all year round and will generally require very little maintenance. However, a little care and attention can add years to the life of your trampoline. Please remember that the bed (mat) and frame pads are made of synthetic materials which can become easily damaged by cigarette ends, fireworks and bonfire debris. Please make sure that the following checks are made monthly:

- Check that all joints are still intact and have not become dislodged during use
- Check that all springs are attached and that any stretched springs are replaced

## The Frame

Do not sit or stand on the frame/frame pads whilst the trampoline is in use; this will cause excessive wear to the springs and frame pads. In some climates/environments, surface rust can appear. If this happens, it should be removed using either a wire brush or coarse sandpaper, and the area treated with a non-toxic paint.

## The Springs

Do not stand on the springs whilst the trampoline is in use. Ensure you do not bounce on the springs as they are not designed to withstand these sorts of stresses. Doing so can result in them becoming stretched, misshaped and weakened. If you find you have any damaged springs, it is crucial you replace them as soon as possible so as to avoid inflicting damage to the remaining springs.

## The Bed

The bed (mat) may eventually become weakened by the effects of Ultra-Violet radiation. A little mould or mildew should not harm the mat. Please make sure that all footwear is removed before bouncing and ensure that any other sharp objects and jewellery are removed.

## Useful Information

- A stretched or dead spring can be identified where there is visible light through the coils of the spring. Any springs identified with these effects should be replaced in order to maintain the performance of your trampoline. Please note: this assessment should only be made when the spring has been removed from the trampoline. It is normal to see visible light when the springs are under tension on the trampoline.
- When fitting the springs, it is often more effective to use your bodyweight to pull the spring back, rather than relying solely on your upper-body and arm strength.

## Accessories

Don't forget to protect your new trampoline with a weather cover when it is not in use and conduct regular maintenance checks.



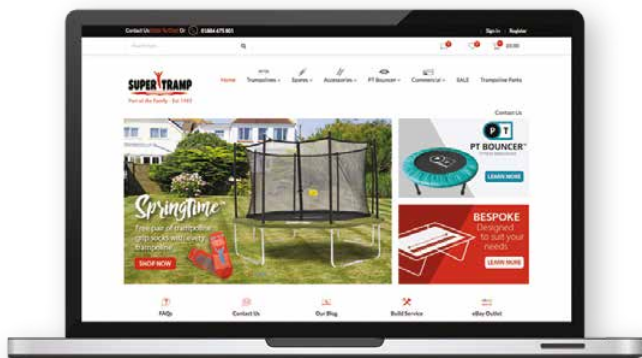
Do not bounce in footwear. Instead, use grip socks. You can buy these from us in a variety of sizes!



**Thank you for purchasing a Super Tramp Trampoline**  
**We hope you found this guide helpful.**

Visit our website for our full range of  
trampolines, spare parts and accessories

[www.supertramp.co.uk](http://www.supertramp.co.uk)



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